



PALLADIUM (Sponge)

Revision n.3
Date 1/7/2024

Safety Information Sheet

This document must not be considered a Safety Data Sheet according to art. 31 of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH)

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	PALLADIUM (Sponge)
Chemical name and synonyms	Palladium
EC number	231-115-6
CAS number	7440-05-3
REACH reg. no.	01-2120140175-66-0026

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use	Industrial uses, pharmaceutical sector, precious metals sector.
Uses advised against	Uses other than those stated.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the Safety Information Sheet

Name	TCA Spa
Full address	Zona Ind. Castelluccio, 11
District and Country	52010 Capolona (AR) - ITALY
	Tel. +39 0575 3911
	Fax +39 0575 451337

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety information sheet	tcaspa@pec.tcaspa.com Serena Tavanti
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1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	TCA Spa: Tel. +39 0575 3911
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SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements).

Hazard classification and indication:	--
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2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:	--
Signal words:	--
Hazard statements:	--
Precautionary statements:	--

This product is not subject to hazard labeling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not have persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT) properties and is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative. (vPvB).
The substance does not have endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
PALLADIUM		
INDEX -	>99,5	Not classified
EC 231-115-6		



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The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

No effects requiring implementation of special first aid measures are expected. The following information represents practical indications of correct behaviour in the event of contact with a chemical product, even if not hazardous.

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and duration of exposure.

Inhalation: Dust can irritate the respiratory system. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung disease.

Ingestion: May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause abdominal pain or vomiting.

Skin: Prolonged contact may cause dryness / cracking of the skin.

Eyes: Dust may cause slight irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products, metal oxides. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel



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Do not breathe dust in case of release. Avoid release of dust into the environment. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety information sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Remove any source of ignition, provide adequate ventilation and control the dust. Follow the appropriate internal procedures for personnel not authorised to intervene directly in the event of an accidental release.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety information sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Follow the appropriate internal procedures for personnel authorised to intervene directly in the event of an accidental release.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Confine using earth or inert material. Collect as much material as possible and eliminate the rest using jets of water. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material information sheet. Avoid spillage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid all ignition sources (sparkles, flames). Avoid dust release. Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe dust. Wash hands after use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the product in a well ventilated place, far from direct sunlight. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Store in a separate and approved area. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, food or beverage, see section 10 for details. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No use other than that indicated in section 1.2 of this safety information sheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m³; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m³). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment. The above values are not TLVs, but guide values, to be used for particles that do not have their own TLV and that are insoluble or poorly soluble in water and have low toxicity.

Recommended monitoring procedures:

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:

- European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy)
- European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- European Standard EN 481 (Workplace atmospheres - Size fraction definitions for measurement of airborne particles).

8.2. Exposure controls

General working hygiene practices involves procedures (such as showering and changing clothes at the end of the work shift) to avoid any contamination of third parties and appropriate cleaning practices (such as regular cleaning, with appropriate cleaning devices), not eating and smoking at the workplace. Personal protective equipment (PPE) must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Only use PPE provided for the risk assessment for the specific use of the product. Choose the most suitable PPE after assessing the actual conditions of use of the product.

When choosing PPE, ask your technical equipment supplier for advice.



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Make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration, based on the specific use of the product.
Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station. Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage PPE so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

General PPE procedures:

Provide adequate personnel training for use.

Carry out an inspection of PPE to verify the integrity. Do not use damaged or deteriorated PPE.

Carry out the PPE inspection procedures laid down in the user manual.

Do not use PPE after its expiry date or outside the indications given in the technical data sheet/user manual.

Do not reuse single-use PPE.

PPE that is no longer usable must be disposed according to local applicable regulations.

If PPE is used in an explosive or potentially explosive atmosphere, check the compatibility for the usage.

HAND PROTECTION

When handling chemicals, chemical-resistant waterproof gloves complying with approved standards must always be worn (see standard EN 347)

SKIN PROTECTION

Before handling the product, select suitable personal protective equipment for the body the specific job and related risk assessment. Wear professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

It is recommended to wear safety glasses complying with approved standards (see standard EN ISO 16321)

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

The concentration of dust, the exposure, the time of exposure have to be evaluated into the risk assessment process.

The risk assessment must provide a PPE even in situations where exposure may not be perceived by the worker.

The choice of the suitable PPE must take into account the maximum concentration limit of the substance/mixture at which the filters guarantee worker protection and the maximum time of usage (see the PPE data sheet). If the filtering mask does not ensure worker protection, or does not ensure the correct time of usage for the specific activity or concentration of the substance/mixture in the air, the risk assessment outcome may provide to wear an open- or closed-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	Solid, Powder
Colour	Gray
Odour	Odourless
Melting point / freezing point	1555 °C
Initial boiling point	2963 °C
Flammability	Not flammable based on CLP criteria
Lower explosive limit	Not applicable based on the physical state
Upper explosive limit	Not applicable based on the physical state
Flash point	Not applicable based on the physical state
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable – the substance does not auto-ignite
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable – the substance does not decompose
pH	Not applicable based on the physical state
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable based on the physical state
Solubility	Not soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not applicable based on the physical state
Density and/or relative density	12,02 g/cm ³ at 20°C
Relative vapour density	Not applicable based on the physical state



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Particle characteristics

Not available

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics
Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal use and storage conditions, no hazardous reactions are to be expected.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Palladium is appreciably volatile at high temperatures. It absorbs considerable amounts of hydrogen, even at room temperature. The metal dissolves in aqua regia, hot nitric and sulphuric acids. It is only slightly soluble in concentrated hydrochloric acid, but is attacked more readily if free chlorine is present.

Palladium in all forms can ignite hydrogen and other flammable gases. It can also catalyse the rapid oxidation and ignition of alcohol, acetone and similar liquids. Finely divided palladium, used as hydrogenation catalyst, may be pyrophoric and appropriate storage and handling precautions need to be taken. Avoid environmental dust build-up. Avoid overheating.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, hydrogen, alcohol, acetone.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Metal oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information
Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure
Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Information not available

Interactive effects
Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: not classified
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: not classified
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: not classified

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the substance is not listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance does not have persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT) properties and is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative. (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the substance is not listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. (Directive 2008/98/EC and subsequent amendments and adjustments and related national transpositions). Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.



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The legal responsibility for disposal is the producer / holder of the waste.

To this mixture different EWC codes could be applied (European Waste Code) based on the specific circumstances that generated the waste, possible alterations and / or possible contamination.

The product as such, contained in the original packaging, or decanted in an appropriate container for the purpose of disposal, or no longer usable (for example following an accidental spill), must be classified with a EWC code that is compatible with the description of the use indicated in section 1.2.

The suitable final destination of the waste must be evaluated by the manufacturer on the basis of the chemical-physical characteristics of the waste, the compatibility with the authorized facility to which it will be given for recovery, and the definitive treatment or disposal according to the procedures established by current regulations .

Disposal through wastewater discharge is not permitted.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be sent, properly labeled, to recovery or disposal in compliance with national waste management regulations and must be classified with the following EWC code:

15 01 01 : paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02 : plastic packaging
15 01 03 : wooden packaging
15 01 04 : metallic packaging
15 01 05 : composite packaging
15 01 06 : mixed packaging
15 01 07 : glass packaging
15 01 09 : textile packaging

EMPTY PACKAGING

To assign a Chapter 15 Subchapter 01 (1501) code to the waste, it is necessary to determine whether the packaging/container is nominally empty. Citing what is contained in the European Commission Communication relating to the "Technical guidelines on waste classification" C/2018/1447 of 8th April 2018, and confirmed in the Sentence of the European Court of Justice n. 487/2019 and 489/2019, it is suggested to interpret the notion of "nominally empty" in the sense that the contents of the product have been effectively removed. Removal can be done via drainage or scraping. The fact that there is a minimal residue of the original content in packaging waste does not exclude the possibility of classifying this waste as 'nominally empty' and does not prohibit its assignment to subchapter 15 01 packaging waste.

A package can be considered completely emptied if in the event of a further emptying attempt, for example, due to its overturning, no more drops or solid residues are released.

Waste resulting from the use of the substance or mixture must be classified and managed by the following legal references to be considered in their updated version:

- Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives;
- COMMISSION DECISION of 18 December 2014 amending Decision 2000/532/EC on the list of waste pursuant to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council;
- Commission Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 replacing Annex III to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste and repealing certain Directives;
- Council Regulation (EU) 2017/997 of 8 June 2017 amending Annex III to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the hazardous property HP 14 'Ecotoxic'.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments



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Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

None

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment was carried out without any exposition scenarios (art. 14.4 of REACH).

SECTION 16. Other information

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit



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- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
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- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for the recipient of the Safety information Sheet (SIS):

The recipient of this SIS shall make sure of reading and understanding the information included by all people who handle, store, use, or otherwise come into contact in any way with the substance or mixture to which this SIS is referred to. In particular, the recipient shall provide adequate training to the personnel for the use of hazardous substances and/or mixtures. The recipient shall verify the suitability and completeness of the provided information according to the specific use of the substance or mixture.

However, the substance or mixture referred to by this SIS shall not be used for uses other than those specified in Section 1. The Supplier don't assume responsibility for improper uses. Since the use of the product does not fall under the direct control of the Supplier, the user shall, under his own responsibility, fulfill national and EU regulations concerning health and safety.

The information included in this SIS are provided in good faith and are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge, at the revision date indicated, available to the Supplier indicated in Section 1 of this SIS. It shall not be meant that the SIS is a guarantee of any specific property of the substance or mixture. The information concern only to the substance or mixture specifically designated in Section 1 and it could not be valid for the substance or mixture used in combination with other materials or in any process not specified in the text. This revision of the SIS replaces all previous versions.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.